Exhibit D

OIF 99-107-01

Submitted July 20, 1999

parallel optics nterface based LOW Cost OCT (OIF99.120)

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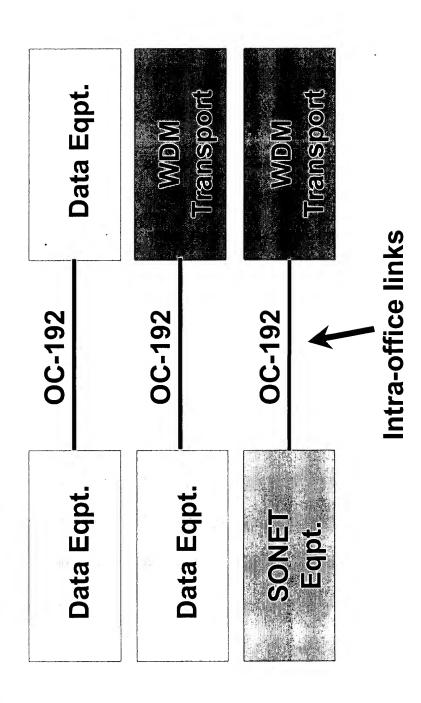
Co-Authors

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Enron Communications W.L. Gore & Associates Vitesse Semiconductor Pirelli Optical Systems **Corvis Corporation Conexant Systems** Ciena Corporation **Qtera Corporation Juniper Networks Global Crossing Avici Systems JS Conec** Level 3

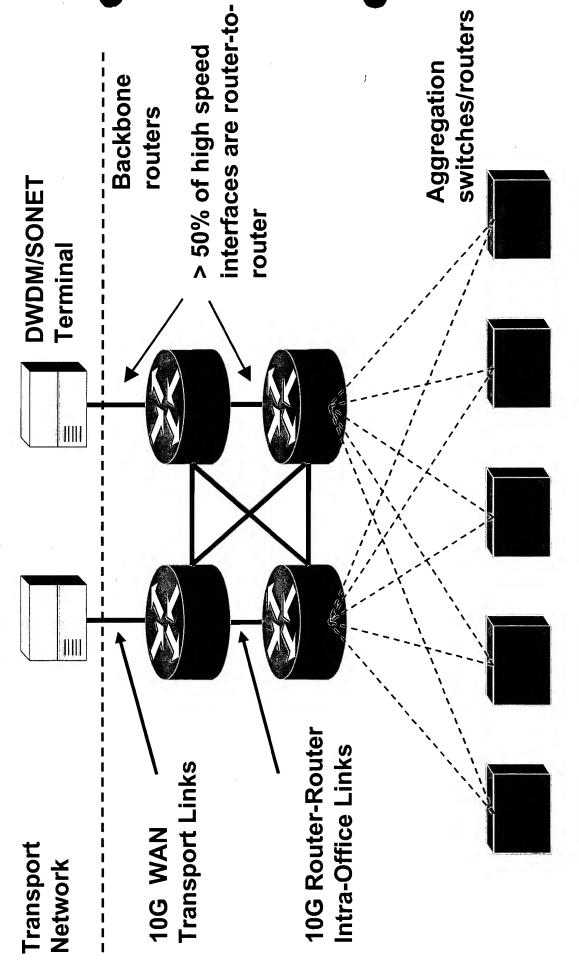
+39 02 6442 9265 (561) 999 4291 (978) 964 2222 (650) 526 8005 8883 408) 543 4700 303) 926-3100 (410) 865 8556 508) 628 0509 443) 259 4033 302) 368 2575 (503) 464 8480 303) 543 2047 828) 323 828) 327

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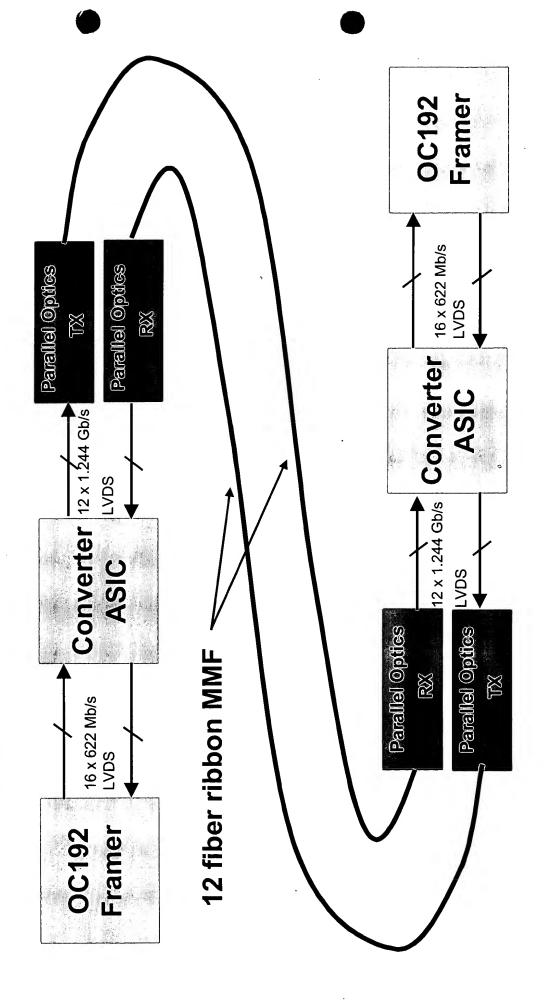
- Majority < 500m, 75% < 100m
- Current OC-192 interfaces optimized for longer reaches

Typical POP Configuration



Version 4.2

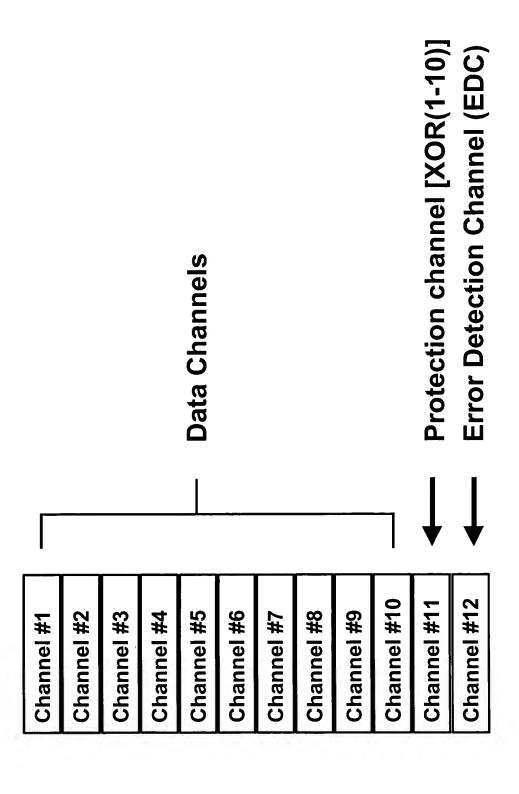
OC-192 VSR Link



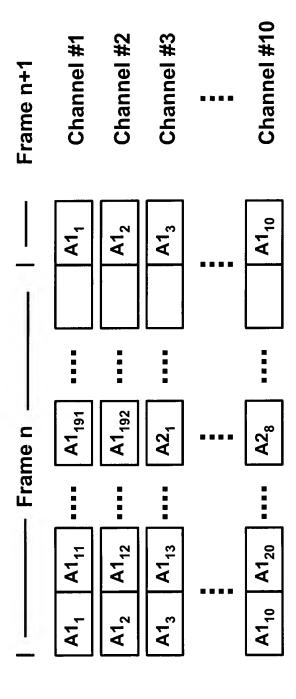
OC-192 Very Short Reach Proposal

- 16 x 622 Mb/s LVDS electrical interface (OIF99.102)
- 12 x 1.244 Gb/s parallel ribbon fiber optical interface
- leverage Gigabit Ethernet and parallel optical technology
- Converter ASIC maps OC-192 frame onto 10 data channels plus 2 auxiliary channels
- byte stripping across data channels
- each channel framed and encoded
- protection against single channel failure
- **CRC** based error detection/correction

OC-192 VSR Channel Formal



OC-192 VSR Framing



- SONET frame bytes are byte stripped across the 10 data channels
- Each channel is 8B10B encoded to control transmission properties

OC-192 VSR Framing

11 _{n+30}
A1 _{N+20} /
A1 _{n+10}
A1 _n

]		ñ	ίαO,	
Frame delimite	A1 _{n+30}	K28.5	D3.1	K28.5

er for channels 1-6

••• Frame delimiter for channels 7-12 (A1_{n+30} D21.2 | K28.5 K28.5

n = 1..10

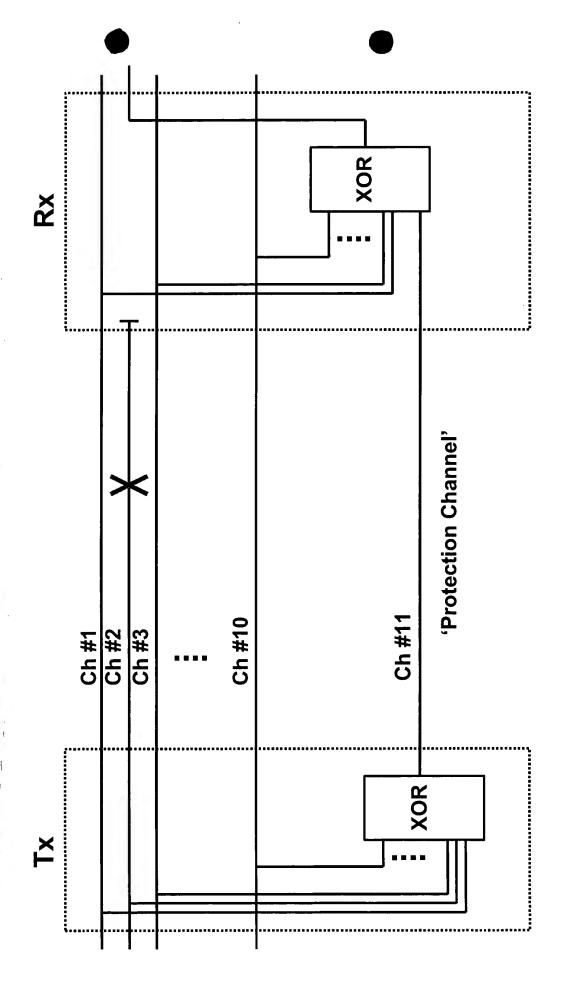
pattern that is overwritten onto first 3 A1 bytes on each channel Each channel is framed with a unique 8B10B frame delimiter

- Used for de-skewing at the receiver
- Unique frame delimiters for channels 1-6 & 7-12 allow robustness to polarity issues with connector

Protection Channel

- Dominant failure mechanism is single channel failure VCSEL arrays have been shown to be very reliable.
- Protection channel protects against a single channel failure (similar concept to 1:N protection)
- Protection channel carries XOR data from channels 1-10
- recovered from the information contained in the XOR · If single channel failure is detected, the data can be channel and the remaining valid data channels
- Protection performed at receiver, no signaling required.

Protection Example



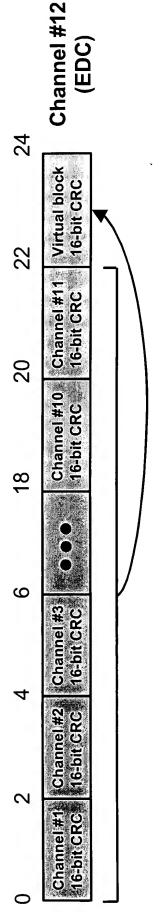
oss of Synchronization

- LOSyn used to determine when single channel failure occurs
- Single channel failure can be detected and protected before any SONET alarms triggered
- codewords (Similar to Fiber Channel/Gigabit Ethernet) LOSyn algorithm based on detecting invalid 8B10B

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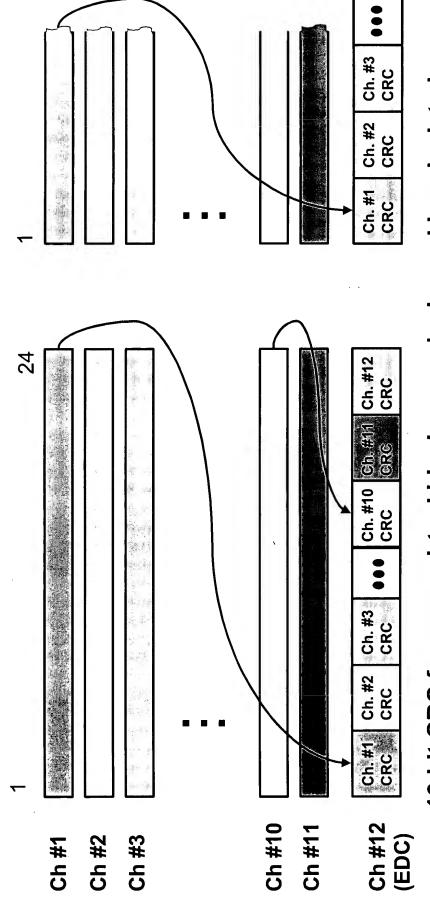
fror Detection Channel

- Each channel (1-12) divided in virtual blocks of 24 bytes
- 16-bit CRC calculated for each virtual block on channels 1 to 11 (data channels + protection channel)
- corresponding 24 byte virtual block on the Error the 11 16-bit CRCs are transmitted within the detection channel (EDC)
- final two bytes of the EDC virtual block filled with 16-bit CRC calculated over the rest of the virtual block

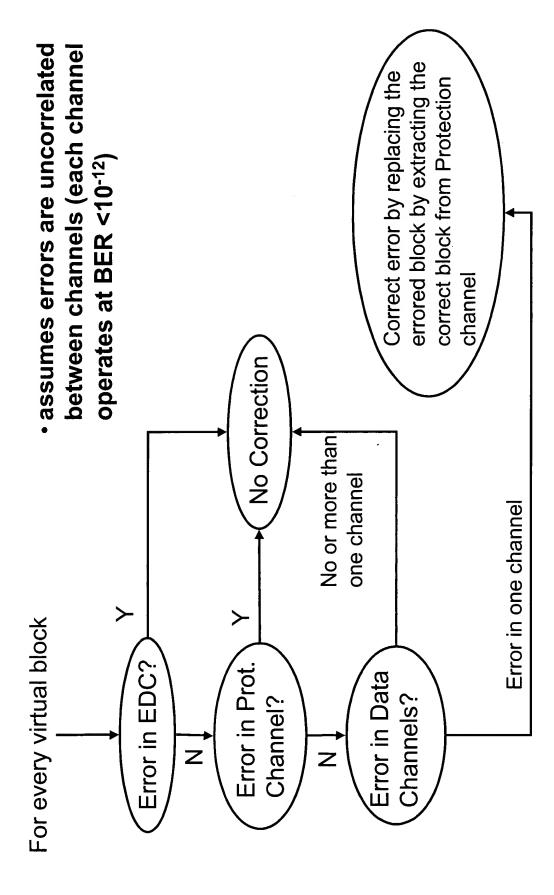


16-bit CRC calculated over rest of block

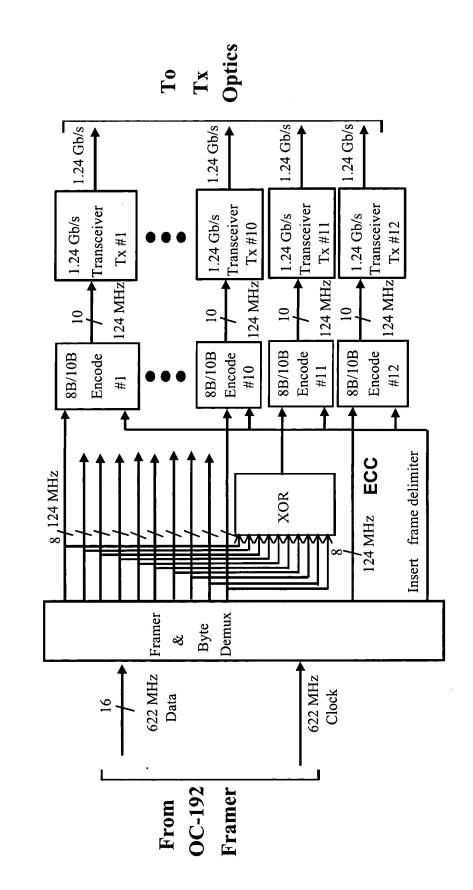
Error Detection Channe



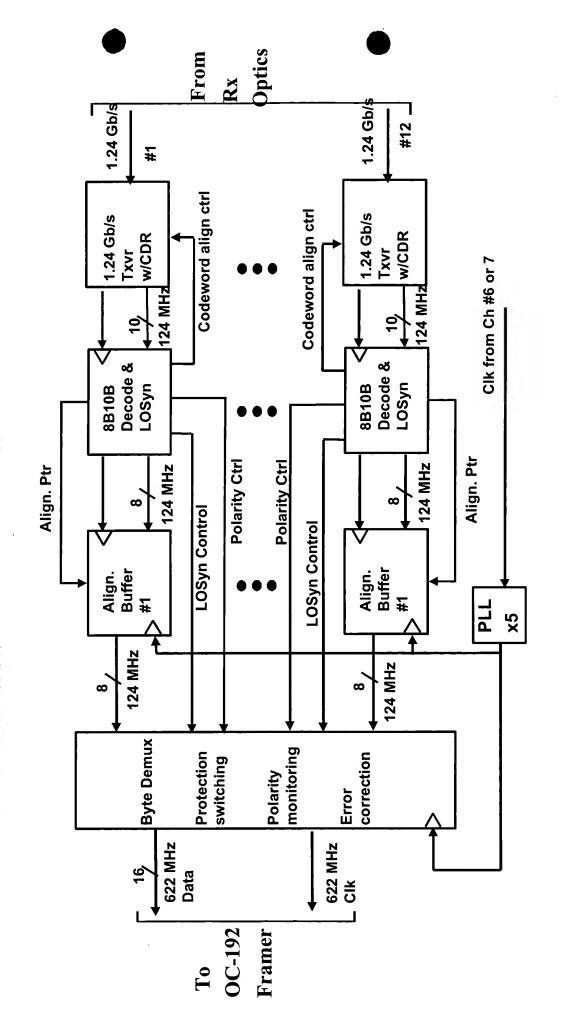
16-bit CRC for every virtual block on each channel is calculated and transmitted within the corresponding virtual block on the



X Path block diagram

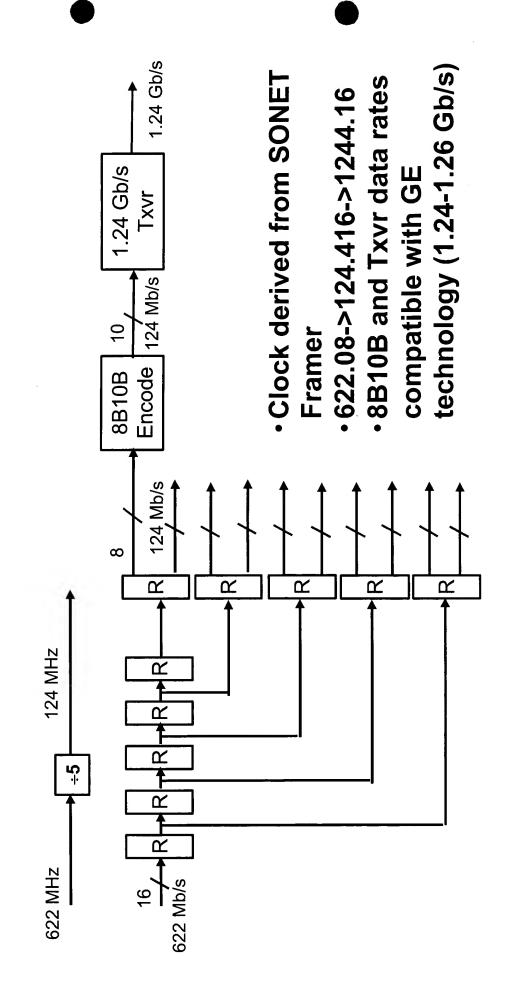


RX Path block diagram



OIF, October 19/20, Los Angeles

Clocking Scheme



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OC-192 VSR Optical Specifications

	Min.	Max.	Units
Transmitter			
Baud Rate	1.244 - 20 ppm	1.244 + 20 ppm	Gb/s
λnom	830	860	nm
Power (out)	-10	See footnote (2)	dBm
Extinction Ratio	9		dB
RMS Spectral Width		0.85	nm
Trise/Tfall (20-80%)		260	ps
Systematic Jitter		160	(dd) sd
Total Jitter		345	(dd) sd
RIN(max)		-116	dB/Hz
Receiver			
Power (in)	-16	0	dBm
λ_{nom}	830	860	dBm
Optical Return Loss	12		dB _.
Signal Detect assert		-19	dBm
Signal Detect De-assert	-26		dBM
Signal Detect hysteresis	7	4	dB

- 1. Connector is MTP/MPO (IEC61754-7)
 2. Output power for combined channels will be compliant with FDA class 1 and IEC Class 3A eye safety requirements (all channels aggregated)
 - 3. Optical Specifications based on Gigabit Ethernet Link Model

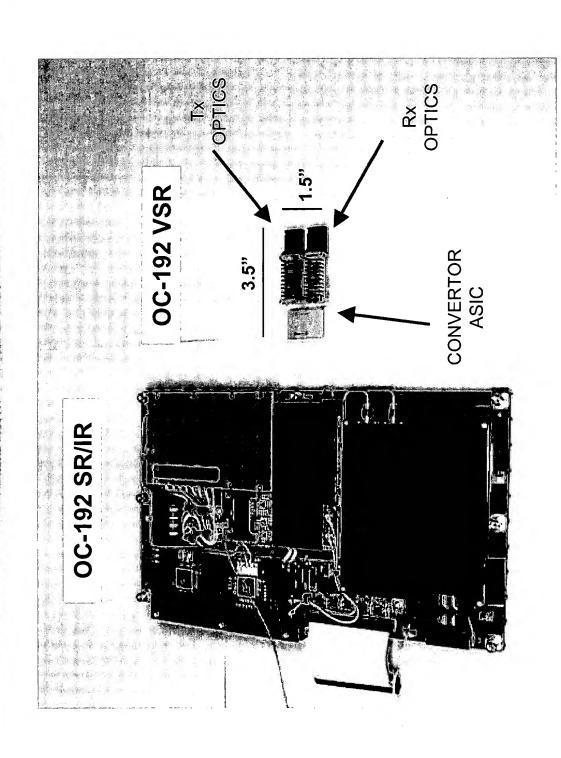
Farget Distance Options

Fiber Effective Modal Bandwidth	Target Distance
205 Mhz.km (1)	250m
400 Mhz.km (2)	400m
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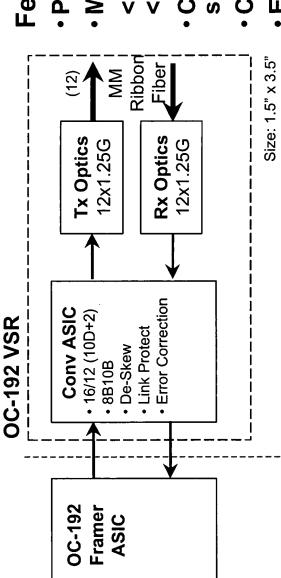
Notes:

- 1. Fiber which is guaranteed to provide 300m transmission for Gigabit Ethernet operating at 850nm, meets this requirement
 - 2. Fiber which is guaranteed to provide 500m transmission for Gigabit Ethernet operating at 850nm, meets this requirement

WSR Size Comparison



OC-192 VSR Summary



SONET Framed 16x 622Mb/s (OIF99.102)

Features:

- Parallel Optics (based on GE)
- Multimode fiber & VCSELs
 - < 250m 62MMF/205MHz.km</p>< 400m 62MMF/400MHz.km</p>
- Compensates for inter-channel skew
- · Channel protection (1:N)
- Error detection/correction
- Compatible with OC-192 framer interface (OIF99.102)
- · Compact form factor

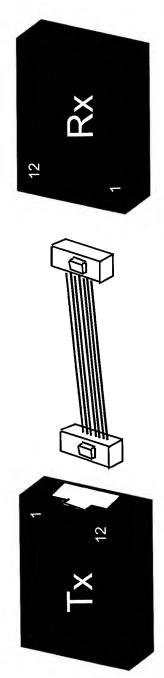
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Motion

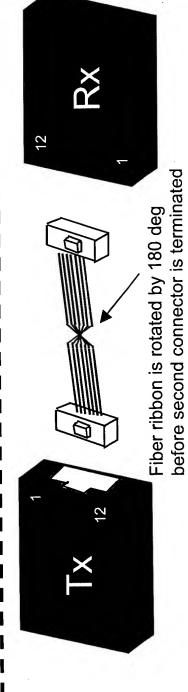
OIF PLL WG to adopt OIF99.120 as a baseline specification for an OC-192 very short reach document for the development of a interface based on parallel optics.

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Polarity and cable crossove



Option 1: Ribbon Fiber cables are connected back to back. Implication is that Tx channel #1 is connected to Rx channel #12.



Option 2: Ribbon Fiber cables are connectorised with a rotation on the fiber. Implication is that Tx channel #1 is connected to Rx channel #1. 24